

## **Prolight Prolist TLA - TLB**

### **Description**

Prolight Prolist TLA and TLB are listello tile trims made of anodized and polished silver finish aluminium, with a strip LED lighting system. Light is distributed along the length of the profile through a downlighter fixed to the side of the profile, making the item especially suited to bathrooms, kitchens, alcoves, etc.

End pieces are available to seal the profiles at either end.

If you also add a dimmer (optional) the intensity of the lighting can be adjusted as a decorative feature or to provide a night light.

### **Materials**

#### **Anodized aluminium**

Al-Mg-Si aluminium, heat-treated in T6 (6060 T6).

The profiles are made by extrusion then anodized with a  $\geq 15 \mu\text{m}$  thick layer.

The outer surface must be protected from scratches and rubbing. They present a strong resistance to chemical and atmospheric agents. When wet, concrete and its derivatives produce alkaline substances which can corrode metal (forming aluminium hydroxide) when allowed to react with the surface. For this reason, the visible surface of the profile must be quickly and delicately cleaned to remove any concrete, adhesive or grouting substances and detergents.

Anodized surfaces can become ruined through wear and foot traffic (profiles used on floors) and the original finish lost as a result.

#### **Polished aluminium**

Al-Mg-Si aluminium, heat-treated in T6 (6463 T6).

The profiles are extruded then treated and machined. Good resistance to chemical and atmospheric agents is guaranteed. When wet, concrete and its derivatives produce alkaline substances which can corrode metal (forming aluminium hydroxide) when allowed to react with the surface. For this reason, the visible surface of the profile must be quickly cleaned to remove any concrete, adhesive or grouting substances and detergents. Do not use polished aluminium profiles on floors.

#### **ABS**

Opaline, shock-proof and UV-resistant ABS.

#### **General note on metals**

Aluminium is not resistant to all chemical compounds. Consequently, contact with particularly aggressive products like hydrochloric acid (HCl) and phosphoric acid (H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) should be avoided.

Products generally used to clean stone, ceramic and porcelain tiles, such as muriatic acid, ammonia and bleach, damage the surface finish on the metal and can cause intense corrosion. Moreover, any residues of concrete, adhesive, and grouting materials must always be removed from the surface of the profiles as quickly and delicately as possible.

If adhesive tape is used to cover the profile, it must not be left any longer than an hour.

## Fixing

Remove the profile from the packaging.

Check that the thickness of the covering/flooring to be laid is not greater than the dimension of the profile (see label).

Where present, also remove any protection (protective and/or shrink-wrapped film) added to protect the finish.

Measure the length required and cut the profile to this length using an appropriate tool.

Drill the profile to pass electric cables through before fixing in position.

Level the adhesive on the laying surface using a toothed spreader.

Lay the covering delicately, making sure it is flush with the profile and leaving the right space for a grout line (usually 1-2mm).

Fill any gaps left between the covering and the profile with a suitable grout.

Remove any excess grout, adhesive, solvents etc. with a soft sponge and water within ten minutes of application.

Install the LED strip on the ABS cover before inserting into the profile.

For the choice and assembly of electrical components (strip LED lights, power supply units, etc....) see LED strip light technical data sheet.

Electrical components should be assembled and switched on by trained, authorized personnel.

## Care and maintenance

Care and maintenance procedures for the materials used to make these profiles depends largely on the type of alloy and/or finish used.

The instructions provided below describe the operations to be performed on the profile to restore it as much as possible to its original condition.

The purpose of this document is to provide as many general indications as possible to guide you on when and how to clean the product, but they should also be verified on a case-by-case basis.

It should be pointed out there are specific responsibilities in each part of the product's life cycle, starting from when it is installed the first time.

### Aluminium

No special maintenance is required and aluminium products can be easily treated with colourless alcohol in a water solution or using ordinary detergents, provided they do not contain acid (hydrochloric or hydrofluoric).

Detergent products made by multiple manufacturers and sold under a variety of commercial brands can generally be used for cleaning.

Generally speaking, there are three types of products:

- Alkaline
- Neutral
- Acid

For cleaning purposes, we recommend using a neutral detergent diluted in water then rinsing with water only, using a non-abrasive sponge and/or cloth to avoid scratching and/or damaging the anodized surface.

During cleaning, the following aspects must be kept in mind at all times:

- Do not use acid or alkaline detergents because they could damage the aluminium;
- Do not use products and/or abrasive materials;
- Do not use organic solvents on painted surfaces;
- Do not use detergents without first checking their chemical composition;
- Do not apply detergents straight onto the surface to be cleaned;
- Surfaces must be "cold" (max T° = 30°C) during cleaning and not exposed to direct sunlight;
- Detergents used in cleaning must also be "cold" (max T° = 30°C) and steam sprays should not be used.

In any case, the final stage in the cleaning process is always sufficient rinsing of the parts treated with water. They must then be immediately dried using soft fabric or leather cloths. Polishes or similar products are not required.

Clean profiles carefully as soon as required, following the instructions on the product package, to prevent any residues of concrete, grout or similar substances from attacking the surface.

### ABS

Does not need any special maintenance; they can be easily treated with water or using normal, neutral liquid detergents (do not use creams or pastes) use only water for the final rinse.

Use non-abrasive sponges or cloths which will not scrape the surface.

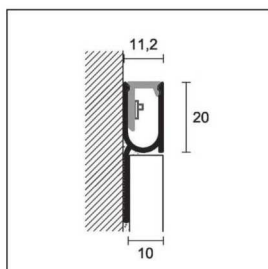
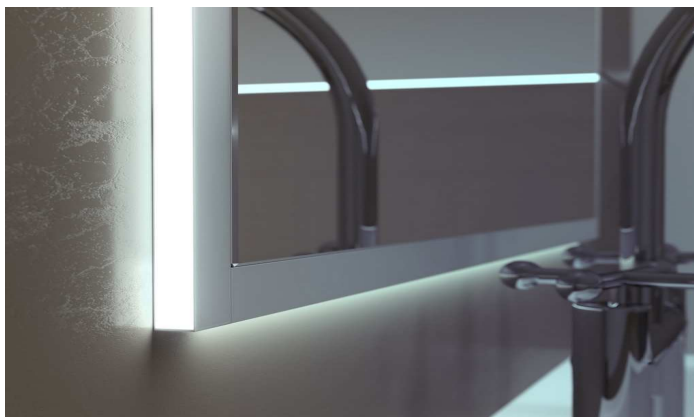
### Fire prevention measures

In the event of fire, use chemical fire extinguishers, dry sand or solid extinguishing agents.

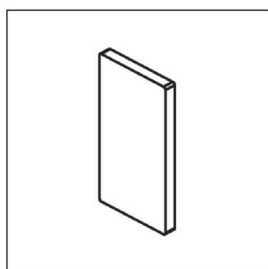
### Notes:

These profiles must be handled with caution, being careful to wear suitable gloves to prevent injury and/or cuts to the hands. The instructions and specifications provided here are the product of our experience but are only a guide, should not be considered exhaustive and must be confirmed by extensive practical applications. Profilpas declines any responsibility for damage to people or things resulting from improper use of the product. Users must establish for themselves if the product is suitable for the required used and they bear full responsibility for any incorrect installation of the material.

### TLA - TLB



TLA/10/



TLA/10/P/

#### PROLIGHT PROLIST

length = 270 cm - pack 10 pcs

**LxH**

**ART. finishing**

**20x10**

#### ALUMINIUM

**TLA/10/C1** silver anodised



84090

**TLB/10/C1** bright polished silver



84091

individually packed

#### END CAPS FOR TLA/10/C1

pack 10 pcs

**ART. finishing**

#### ALUMINIUM

**TLA/10/P/C1** silver anodised



84092

**TLB/10/P/C1** bright polished silver



84093

no partial packaging